

### 3. Kon Tum Province Child Nutrition Improvement Project

In 2011, the National Institute of Nutrition and UNICEF identified that the malnutrition in children under 5 years old in Kon Tum province, located in central Viet Nam, was the most serious of all 63 provinces and cities in Viet Nam. A survey conducted by FIDR also confirmed that.

The Child Nutrition Improvement Project started in 2012 to improve the nutrition status of children under 2 years old living in Dak Glei and Dak To Districts in Kon Tum Province, in cooperation with the Kon Tum Department of Health and district health centers.

The project will achieve its aim by (1) improving the health and nutrition status of pregnant women, (2) improving the food intake of children under 2 years old, (3) reducing child-related diseases, and (4) improving the health service at grass roots.

The project target groups are pregnant women, mothers with children under 2 years old, and women of reproductive age. Changing their behavior is a key to achieving the project goal.



#### Project Summary

##### Project Purpose:

Nutrition status of children under 2 years old in Dak Glei and Dak To Districts is improved

##### Project Period:

2012 - 2016

##### Project Location:

8 communes in Dak Glei and Dak To Districts, Kon Tum Province

##### Beneficiaries:

Approximately 1,500 children under 2 years old and their mothers, pregnant women, and women of reproductive age in 8 communes of 2 districts in Kon Tum Province

### Main Completed Projects up to 2012

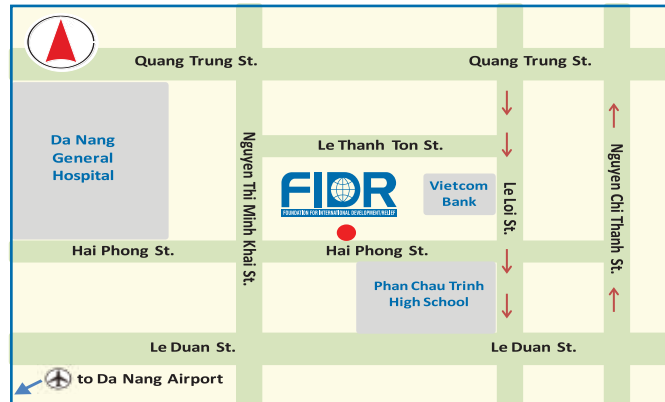
- » Tay Giang Community Development Project (2008 – 2012)
- » Catu Traditional Handicraft Assistance Project in Nam Giang District, Quang Nam Province (2008 – 2012)
- » Lien Chieu District Sustainable Livelihood Assistance Project in Da Nang City (2007 – 2011)
- » Ketsuana Emergency Relief in Quang Nam Province (2009)
- » Nam Giang Community Development Project in Quang Nam Province (2001 – 2008)
- » School Construction Projects in Quang Nam Province and Da Nang City (1998 - 2008)

### FIDR Offices



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*“Opening up the future by joining hearts together”*



## 1. Catu Ethnic Minority Community-based Tourism Project

The Catu Ethnic Minority Community-based Tourism Project was launched in April 2012 in order to support the Catu community in Nam Giang District, Quang Nam Province.

It aims at: (1) eliminating poverty by creating new income sources, (2) increasing the tourism value of Nam Giang District by preserving, improving and activating the natural, cultural and social resources, (3) strengthening the pride and interest of the residents in the natural and cultural treasures of their home town, and (4) nurturing visitors' understanding and respect towards the values, customs, traditional culture and society of the people who live in Nam Giang District.

This tourism is initiated and created by the diversified involvement of local residents and the local community as the primary beneficiaries. It is also designed to encourage the development of local "treasures" in traditional culture, society and rich natural environment of this area through respecting and conserving them.



### Project Summary

#### Project Purpose:

Community-based tourism in Nam Giang District is built and developed by the community initiatives

#### Project Period:

2012 - 2016

#### Project Location:

Ta Bhing Commune, Nam Giang District, Quang Nam Province

#### Beneficiaries:

(Direct) 2,300 villagers in Ta Bhing Commune  
(Indirect) 23,000 villagers in Nam Giang District

## 2. Project On Food Security Improvement For Small Scale Farmers In Quang Nam Province

In 2012, FIDR completed the "Tay Giang District Community Development Project (TGCDP)" at Tay Giang District in Quang Nam Province, central Viet Nam, with the aim of improving the living conditions of local people in a sustainable manner. One of the main activities was the introduction of the "System of Rice Intensification (SRI)" methodology, which increased the yields of paddy rice significantly as a result.

Through the experience and outcome of TGCDP, FIDR has started the Project on Food Security Improvement for Small Scale Farmers (PFSI) in 2012, focusing on food security improvement with SRI methodology in mountainous districts in Quang Nam Province.

The project aims at: (1) establishing the improved rice cultivation model in pilot areas to increase rice productivity for small scale farmers, (2) disseminating the model while keeping the quality of techniques, and (3) strengthening the support system to follow up and improve practice and the surrounding environment/condition of small scale farmers.



### Project Summary

#### Project Purpose:

Model to alleviate food shortage for small scale farmers is established and maintained in target districts

#### Project Period:

2012 - 2015

#### Project Location:

Dong Giang, Nam Giang, Phuoc Son and Tay Giang Districts in Quang Nam Province

#### Beneficiaries:

11,000 villagers in 5 communes and 86,000 villagers in 4 districts, Quang Nam Province

## We Are FIDR

**The Foundation for International Development/Relief (FIDR)** is a Non-Governmental Organization established in Japan in 1990, under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan, and authorized as "Public Interest Incorporated Foundation" by Cabinet Office in Japan in 2010.

To facilitate involvement of the Japanese private sector and individuals in international cooperation for poverty reduction in developing countries, FIDR has been making efforts to realize effective and efficient operations in multi-sectors in Asian countries, particularly Cambodia, Viet Nam and Nepal **to create a world in which every child can grow up in good health and happiness.**

The FIDR Viet Nam office was established in 1998 in Da Nang City, located in central Viet Nam. In recent years, the poverty rate at national level in Viet Nam has notably decreased due to political stability and stable economic growth. However, the gap between regions, as well as the rich and the poor, has been widening. FIDR conducts community development projects targeting people who still experience poverty.